

June 12, 2026 04:00 PM GMT

Yageo Corp. | Asia Pacific

AI-Driven Demand Is Beginning to Tighten MLCC Supply

WHAT'S CHANGED

Yageo Corp. (2327.TW)	From	To
Price Target	NT\$1,010.00	NT\$1,355.00

We underappreciated the second-order effects on the broader MLCC market. As Cloud AI absorbs an increasing share of industry capacity, tightening supply conditions will likely lead to lengthening lead-times and improved pricing across the broader MLCC market.

We are beginning to see pricing move higher, particularly in mid- and low-capacitance MLCC categories. Spot pricing for a number of 0201 and 0402 MLCCs (1 μ F and below) has already increased meaningfully, with certain SKUs experiencing multi-fold price increases. Importantly, these observations primarily reflect distributor and spot-market pricing rather than the contractual pricing that major MLCC suppliers charge direct customers. Historically, distributor pricing has tended to react first during periods of supply tightness. During the 2018 MLCC upcycle, spot-market pricing for certain products increased by as much as 10x at peak levels. While current conditions remain well below those extremes, continued lead-time extensions could support further spot-price appreciation.

We are also observing direct-customer price increases among several MLCC suppliers, with reported increases of up to ~30% for select mid- and low-end MLCC categories. As industry lead-times continue to lengthen, we believe additional suppliers, including Yageo, are likely to pursue similar pricing actions.

Within higher-capacitance MLCC categories, pricing trends have been more mixed. We understand that pricing for products in the 10 μ F–22 μ F range has already moved higher, while pricing for 47 μ F+ MLCCs has remained relatively stable thus far. In our view, this reflects the more strategic and contract-based nature of the high-capacitance MLCC market, where supply tightening is often expressed initially through allocation and lead-time extensions before broader price increases emerge. That said, our channel checks indicate lead times for high-capacitance MLCCs are also beginning to extend. We continue to hear reports of ODMs actively seeking to secure additional supply and increase allocation commitments amid growing concerns around future availability. In our view, this behavior is consistent with an increasingly tight supply-demand environment and may serve as an early indicator of further pricing pressure as the market progresses through the cycle.

Reiterate OW with a new PT of NT\$1,355, implying ~32x CY28 P/E, above the 5Y range of 8-18x. However, PEG is only 0.8x. In our view, Yageo offers an attractive way to gain exposure to this theme given its scale, broad product portfolio across all passive components, and leverage to an improving industry cycle.

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Yageo Corp. (2327.TW, 2327 TT)

Greater China Technology Hardware | Taiwan

Stock Rating	Overweight			
Industry View	In-Line			
Price target	NT\$1,355.00			
Up/downside to price target (%)	58			
Shr price, close (Jun 12, 2026)	NT\$855.00			
52-Week Range	NT\$919.00-111.75			
Sh out, dil, curr (mn)	1,997			
Mkt cap, curr (mn)	NT\$1,707,318			
EV, curr (mn)	NT\$1,724,058			
Avg daily trading value (mn)	NT\$11,771			

Fiscal Year Ending	12/25	12/26e	12/27e	12/28e
EPS (NT\$)**	11.51	18.19	30.71	42.85
Prior EPS (NT\$)**	-	17.88	23.59	31.87
EPS (NT\$)§	11.61	17.39	25.70	34.51
Revenue, net (NT\$ mn)	132,930	167,293	226,791	280,529
EBITDA (NT\$ mn)	39,635	55,213	87,629	119,441
ModelWare net inc (NT\$ mn)	23,634	37,356	63,065	87,993
P/E	20.1	47.0	27.8	20.0
P/BV	2.7	8.2	6.9	5.8
RNOA (%)	12.0	18.5	32.8	47.1
ROE (%)	14.5	21.5	29.5	34.7
EV/EBITDA	12.4	30.7	18.8	13.4
Div yld (%)	2.2	0.7	1.3	2.2
FCF yld ratio (%)**	6.6	2.5	3.8	5.1
Leverage (EOP) (%)	9.6	(13.6)	(28.7)	(40.7)

Unless otherwise noted, all metrics are based on Morgan Stanley ModelWare framework

** = Based on consensus methodology

§ = Consensus data is provided by Refinitiv Estimates

e = Morgan Stanley Research estimates

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Investment Thesis

AI accelerators are becoming increasingly transient-current intensive

Peak current densities on modern AI accelerator boards have reached levels that place significant demands on the power delivery network (PDN). The highly dynamic nature of AI workloads generates rapid current excursions (high di/dt), resulting in voltage transients that can persist from sub-microsecond to multi-microsecond timescales.

As accelerator power levels continue to rise while operating voltages remain extremely low, maintaining voltage stability within increasingly tight tolerance bands has become a critical design challenge. During these transient events, the power delivery network must supply large amounts of charge before voltage regulators can fully respond. Consequently, board designers are relying on greater amounts of local decoupling capacitance to support transient load requirements and preserve power integrity.

This trend is driving increased adoption of higher-capacitance MLCCs, including 47 μ F, 100 μ F, and larger devices, in addition to traditional high-frequency decoupling capacitors. As a result, total installed capacitance per accelerator and per rack is growing faster than MLCC unit count, reflecting a shift toward higher-capacitance content rather than simply a larger number of components.

This aligns with our supply chain checks on the MLCC content growth for VR200 (vs GB300), which we mentioned in our previous report [here](#).

Total MLCC unit demand is expected to increase approximately 80% in a VR200 NVL72 rack relative to a GB300 NVL72 rack. Based on our estimates, a complete Rubin NVL72 rack contains approximately 570,000 MLCCs, compared with roughly 320,000 MLCCs in a GB300 NVL72 rack ([Exhibit 5](#)). The increase is driven by higher MLCC content across both compute and switch boards, as well as additional PCB content throughout the system, including modules such as the CX9 Orchid. We believe this increase in unit volume represents a key contributor to the estimated 182% increase in total MLCC dollar content per rack.

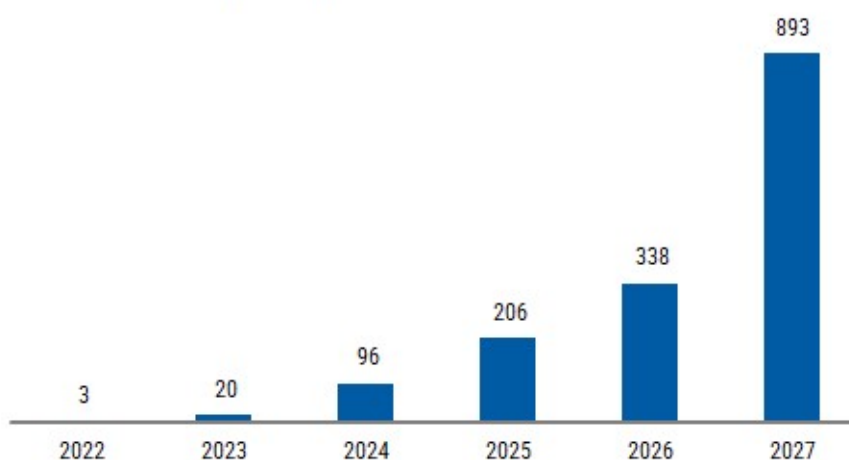
A richer mix of high-capacitance MLCCs appears to account for the remaining increase in dollar content. In addition to higher unit volumes, we are seeing a meaningful shift toward higher-value MLCCs (47 μ F+) within the Rubin platform. Our supply chain checks suggest that 47 μ F+ MLCCs could represent more than 30% of total MLCC units in a fully configured Rubin system, compared with less than 20% in GB300 ([Exhibit 4](#)). This mix shift materially increases capacitance content and value per rack. Under our assumptions, unit demand for 47 μ F+ MLCCs increases by approximately 210% in a VR200 rack relative to GB300, while demand for MLCCs rated at 47 μ F and below grows by a more modest ~50%. This stronger growth (relative to total MLCC unit growth per rack) for higher capacitance MLCCs fully aligns with the trend mentioned above.

For more analysis of our Rubin Rack BOM analysis, please see here: [Greater China Technology Hardware: Analysis of Rubin rack BOM, component content, and ODM value-added \(20 May 2026\)](#)

We believe our prior assessment materially underestimated the MLCC opportunity driven by Cloud AI demand. In our 2024 report, which represented our first attempt to quantify the Cloud AI opportunity for the MLCC industry, we estimated that Cloud AI would contribute approximately US\$550 million of incremental TAM to the MLCC market by 2030. Based on our latest analysis, and a significantly improved understanding of AI system architectures and much stronger end demand, we now believe we will surpass that number and hit approximately US\$900 million by 2027, and should reach well over US\$1 billion by 2030 should AI infrastructure demand continue to exceed expectations.

Exhibit 1: By 2027, AI Server MLCC demand will likely already reach close to US\$1B, tracking meaningfully above our previous forecast of ~US\$550M by 2030

AI Server MLCC Demand (US\$ M)



Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research estimates.

High-capacitance MLCCs (47μF+) are likely to capture a disproportionate share of this incremental opportunity. Our analysis suggests that 47μF+ MLCCs could account for approximately 50-60% of the incremental Cloud AI MLCC TAM, representing an additional US\$500-600 million market opportunity alone. This reflects both the increasing use of high-capacitance devices within AI accelerator systems and a growing mix shift toward higher-value MLCC content.

From a volume perspective, we estimate Cloud AI demand for 47μF+ MLCCs could increase from approximately 4 billion units in CY25 to roughly 38 billion units by CY30. Such a rapid increase would represent a meaningful step-up in industry demand and could require substantial capacity reallocation or expansion among leading suppliers.

Based on our industry discussions, the market for high-capacitance MLCCs remains concentrated among a limited number of suppliers, primarily Japanese and Korean manufacturers, including Murata, Taiyo Yuden, and Samsung Electro-Mechanics (SEMCO). As demand from AI infrastructure accelerates, we believe capacity utilization for these products could tighten, *raising the possibility of capacity crowding-out effects* across other end markets and applications.

Exhibit 2: VR200 MLCC content is 180%+ higher compared to GB300

MLCC content per board (US\$)	GB300	VR200
Compute PCB	\$25	\$90
Switch PCB	\$20	\$45
BlueField DPU Module	\$5	\$5
ConnectX Orchid Module	\$5	\$5
Other peripheral PCB	\$5	\$5
Units per rack	GB300	VR200
Compute PCB	36x	36x
Switch PCB	9x	9x
BlueField DPU Module	0x	18x
ConnectX Orchid Module	0x	72x
Other peripheral PCB	90x	45x
Total MLCC Content per rack	GB300	VR200
Compute PCB	\$900	\$3,240
Switch PCB	\$180	\$405
BlueField DPU Module	\$0	\$90
ConnectX Orchid Module	\$0	\$360
Other peripheral PCB	\$450	\$225
Total MLCC Content per rack	\$1,530	\$4,320

Source: Morgan Stanley Asia Pacific Research estimates based on supply chain checks.

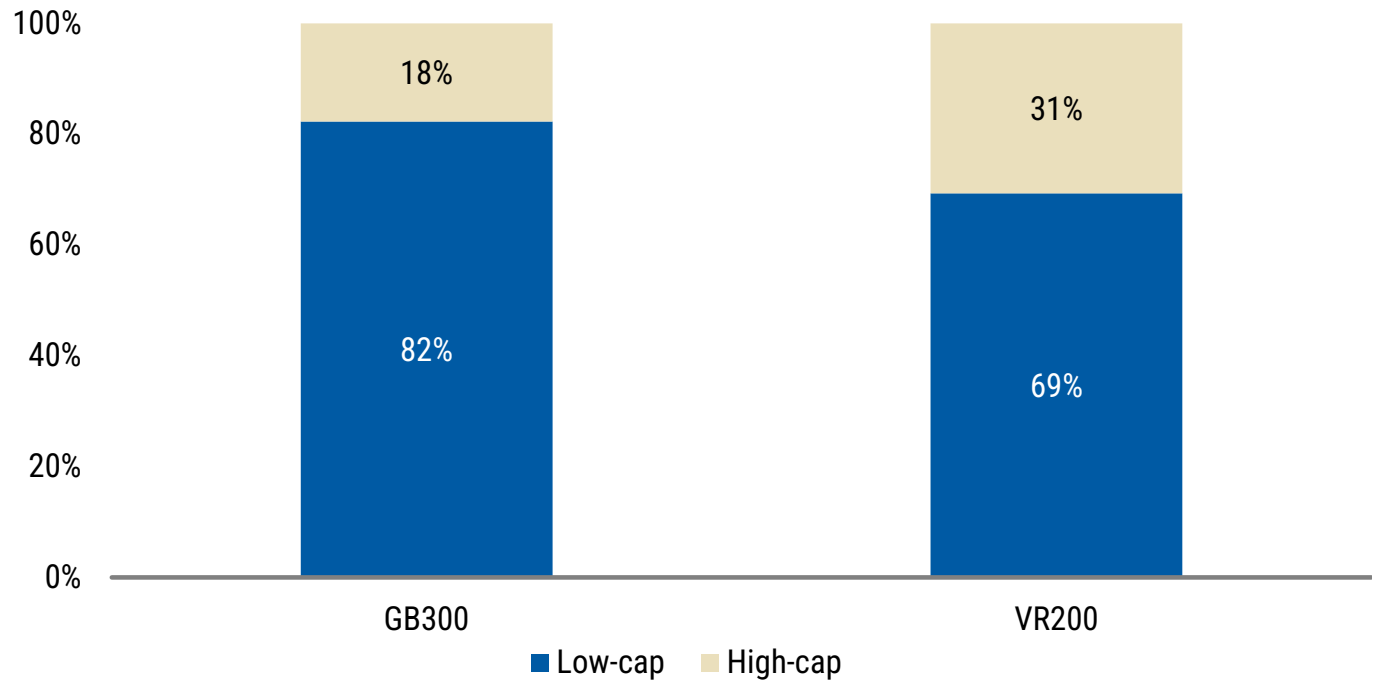
Exhibit 3: VR200 MLCC unit demand is rising to 570K+, up close to 80% vs a GB300 rack

Server Assumptions		# of MLCCs		US\$	
General server		2,000		30	
HGX Hopper AI server (8x GPU)		22,000		190	
GPU module (OAM)	8x	1,300	10,400	10	80
GPU baseboard (UBB)	1x	4,900	4,900	45	45
CPU motherboard	1x	1,500	1,500	25	25
Peripheral boards	8x	650	5,200	5	40
HGX B200 AI server (8x GPU)		36,000		317	
GPU module (OAM)	8x	3,000	24,000	24	192
GPU baseboard (UBB)	1x	5,300	5,300	60	60
CPU motherboard	1x	1,500	1,500	25	25
Peripheral boards	8x	650	5,200	5	40
HGX B300 AI server (8x GPU)		48,000		435	
GPU module (OAM)	8x	4,400	35,200	40	320
GPU baseboard (UBB)	1x	6,100	6,100	50	50
CPU motherboard	1x	1,500	1,500	25	25
Peripheral boards	8x	650	5,200	5	40
GB200 (NVL72)		337,500		1,710	
Bianca	36x	6,800	244,800	30	1,080
Switch board	9x	3,800	34,200	20	180
Peripheral boards	90x	650	58,500	5	450
GB300 (NVL72)		319,500		1,530	
Bianca	36x	6,300	226,800	25	900
Switch board	9x	3,800	34,200	20	180
Peripheral boards	90x	650	58,500	5	450
VR200 (NVL72)		571,050		4,320	
Strata	36x	11,000	396,000	90	3,240
Switch board	9x	7,000	63,000	45	405
BlueField Module	18x	2,000	36,000	5	90
CX9 Orchid Module	72x	650	46,800	5	360
Peripheral boards	45x	650	29,250	5	225
Vera Rack		494,048		3,060	
Vera MGX	128x	3,316	424,448	20	2,560
Switch board	4x	7,000	28,000	45	180
Peripheral boards	64x	650	41,600	5	320
STX Rack		326,256		2,415	
Mainboard	16x	4,791	76,656	31	495
Peripheral boards	384x	650	249,600	5	1,920
LPX Rack		581,024		4,326	
LPX UBB	16x	5,374	85,984	35	559
LPX Module	256x	1,705	436,480	14	3,527
BF4	16x	2,000	32,000	5	80
x86 CPU Module	16x	1,660	26,560	10	160

Source: Morgan Stanley Asia Pacific Research estimates based on supply chain checks.

Exhibit 4: High-cap (47uF+) MLCC usage to increase to 30%+ in VR200 (vs <20% for GB300)

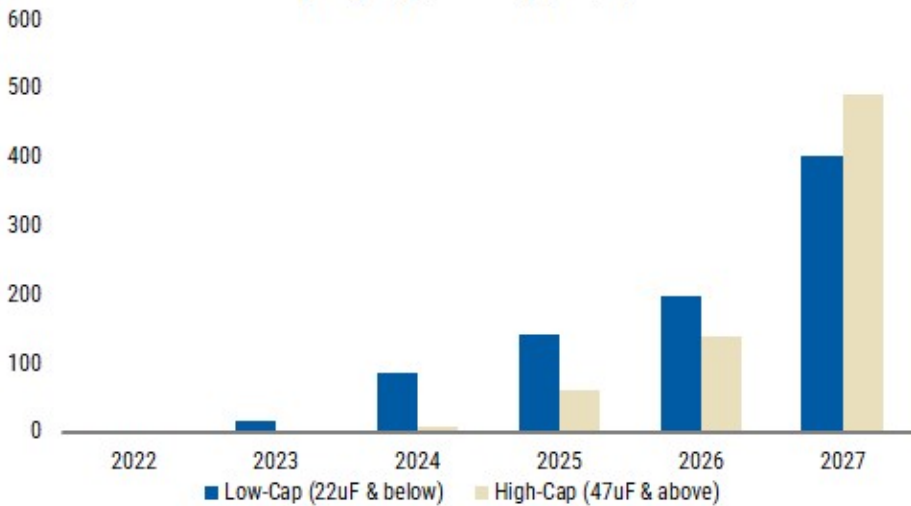
Nvidia's Rubin System Uses More High-Cap MLCCs



Source: Morgan Stanley Asia Pacific Research estimates based on supply chain checks. Note: High-cap refers to 47uF+ MLCCs.

Exhibit 5: Demand for high-cap (47uF+) MLCC is growing faster

AI Server MLCC Demand Split by High/Low-Cap (US\$ M)



Source: Morgan Stanley Research estimates.

Contextualizing the AI Server MLCC Opportunity

According to our colleague Shoji Sato, the global MLCC market is expected to reach approximately 4.36 trillion units and US\$18.3 billion in value by CY27. Based on our estimates, AI servers would account for roughly 3% of total MLCC unit demand and approximately 5% of industry revenue by that time.

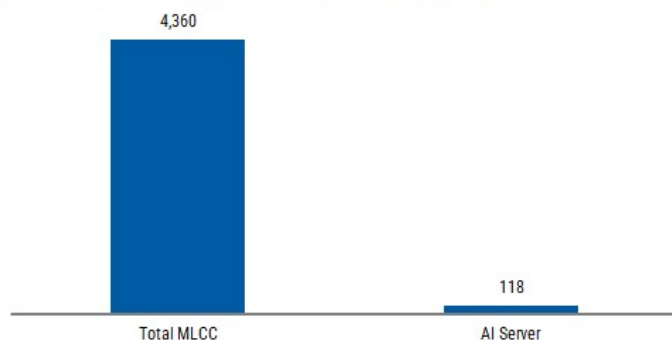
While these percentages may appear modest in the context of the overall MLCC market, we believe they understate the significance of the AI opportunity. AI server demand has emerged from a near-zero base just five years ago and is growing at a pace well above the broader industry. More importantly, the impact extends beyond its direct contribution to market size and increasingly influences industry capacity allocation.

In our view, the more important consideration is the pressure AI demand places on manufacturing capacity and the potential crowding-out effect on other MLCC categories. High-capacitance MLCCs used in AI infrastructure are substantially more manufacturing-intensive than mainstream MLCC products, often requiring several hundred to well over one thousand dielectric layers depending on capacitance, voltage rating, and package size. By comparison, many commodity MLCCs used in consumer electronics utilize materially fewer layers. As a result, each high-capacitance MLCC consumes a disproportionate amount of manufacturing capacity relative to its unit volume.

Consequently, even if AI servers represent only a mid-single-digit percentage of industry revenue, the associated capacity consumption is likely substantially higher. As AI-related demand continues to accelerate, suppliers may increasingly reallocate production capacity toward higher-value products, potentially tightening supply conditions and supporting pricing across broader segments of the MLCC market.

Exhibit 6: We estimate AI server MLCC demand accounts for ~3% of total MLCC demand, in units

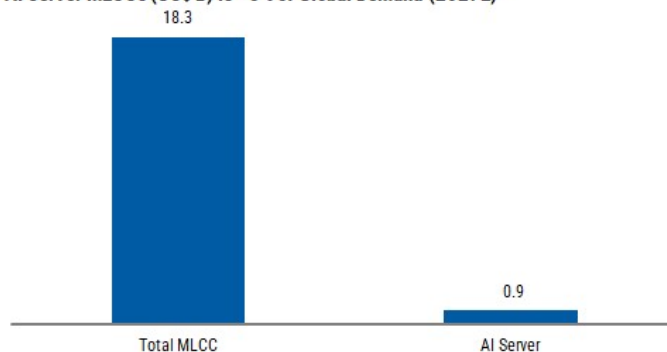
AI Server MLCCs (B pcs) is ~3% of Global Demand (2027E)



Source: Morgan Stanley Research estimates.

Exhibit 7: We estimate AI server MLCC demand accounts for ~5% of total MLCC demand, in value

AI Server MLCCs (US\$ B) is ~5% of Global Demand (2027E)



Source: Morgan Stanley Research estimates.

Downside risk lies in weaker AI or consumer demand with built-up inventory, causing pricing and utilization headwinds.

Here is what we are hearing from the supply chain

- **Industry utilization rates remain elevated, particularly among leading suppliers:**
At our Asia AI Summit in late May, Yageo mentioned that 2Q utilizations for all standard and premium products are running higher than its guidance during the 1Q earnings call at 75%+ and 85%+. Murata also indicated on its latest earnings call in

late April that its MLCC utilization has increased from 90-95% as previously guided to very close to 95%. Our channel checks also suggest that Samsung Electro-Mechanics' (SEMCO) MLCC operations are currently running at approximately 95% utilization. In addition, several Chinese MLCC manufacturers have reported elevated utilization rates, indicating that tightening industry conditions are becoming increasingly broad-based rather than being confined to a handful of suppliers. Taken together, these data points suggest industry utilization rates are approaching levels historically associated with improving pricing dynamics, particularly as AI-related demand continues to absorb incremental capacity.

- **In terms of BB ratio,** at its AGM in late May, Yageo management mentioned that its overall BB ratio was ~1.3x, and BB ratio of AI-related products was even higher at ~1.4x. Murata also mentioned its BB ratio for MLCC products has risen to ~1.36x as of C1Q26.
- **So some suppliers are looking to expand capacity:** On its recent earnings call on April 30, Murata mentioned it will add another 80B JPY investment to expand capacity to strengthen its presence in the data center MLCC market, which translates into a little more than ~20% capacity expansion over these two years. Our checks also indicated that SEMCO plans to increase its MLCC capacity by ~15% this year to cater to strong data center demand. For Yageo, it has not announced new capacity expansion plans for MLCC year-to-date, as it had done so in 2024 already with its Kaohsiung plant, which continues to ramp up with increasing UTRs.
- **Channel inventories are decreasing:** According to Yageo, distributor inventory levels declined from approximately 5.5 months in April to roughly 4.8 months by late May, moving below the company's stated healthy operating range of 5-7 months. This suggests that underlying demand and inventory drawdowns continue to outpace replenishment despite growing concerns around future supply availability. Importantly, these inventory trends appear inconsistent with the view held by some investors that excess inventory is accumulating within distribution channels. On the contrary, the data point from Yageo suggest channel inventories are tightening, reflecting a combination of healthy end-demand and increased purchasing activity, as customers seek to secure supply amid a more constrained operating environment.
- **Are China's zirconia export controls creating production disruptions for MLCC suppliers?** This does not seem to be a concern based on our supply chain checks. Zirconia (zirconium dioxide, ZrO_2) is a hard, wear-resistant ceramic material widely used in industrial manufacturing processes. Within MLCC production, zirconia is generally not the primary dielectric material itself; the dielectric system is typically based on ultra-fine ceramic powders such as barium titanate ($BaTiO_3$). Instead, zirconia is more commonly used as grinding media – specifically zirconia beads or balls – in the wet milling and dispersion processes used to manufacture dielectric powders and ceramic slurries. Regarding the China export controls, an official export license directory list, issued by the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC ([link](#)) on December 31, 2025, indicated that China has not imposed a "blanket ban" on zirconium or zirconia exports. However, zirconium dioxide is subject to export licensing by the Chinese government – exporters of listed goods must obtain an export license before customs clearance.
- **What is the potential impact of the recent Philippines earthquake on the MLCC**

supply chain? Following the 7.8-magnitude earthquake that struck off the southern coast of the Philippines on June 9, some investors have raised concerns regarding potential disruptions to MLCC production, given that both Murata and Samsung Electro-Mechanics (SEMCO) operate manufacturing facilities in the country. Based on our channel checks, production activities at both Murata's and SEMCO's Philippine facilities appear to be continuing without any major disruptions. We have not identified evidence of material damage, prolonged downtime, or meaningful impacts to current production schedules. In addition, Yageo does not maintain MLCC manufacturing capacity in the Philippines, limiting its direct exposure to the event. As a result, we currently view the impact of the earthquake on the broader MLCC supply chain as limited. While we will continue to monitor developments, we do not expect the event to materially alter industry supply-demand dynamics or result in a meaningful redirection of orders from Japanese and Korean suppliers toward Yageo.

Exhibit 8: Locations of Yageo's manufacturing facilities

Manufacturing Resiliency – by Technology

YAGEO GROUP

Technology/Product Type	China	Taiwan	Vietnam	Indonesia	Malaysia	Thailand	Japan	India	European Union	North Macedonia	Mexico	USA
Antennas, RF & Microwave												
Cable Harnesses												
Capacitors – Aluminum												
Capacitors – Ceramic												
Capacitors – Film												
Capacitors – Supercapacitors												
Capacitors – Tantalum												
Circuit Protection												
Cores, Magnets & Metal Materials												
EMC												
Inductors												
Motor & Ignition Coils												
Power Supplies												
Resistors – Chip												
Resistors – Through Hole												
Sensors – Assemblies												
Sensors – Temperature												
Sensors – Other												
Signal Magnetics & Connectors												
Transformers												

Note: Resiliency of specific products needs to be reviewed at the PN level

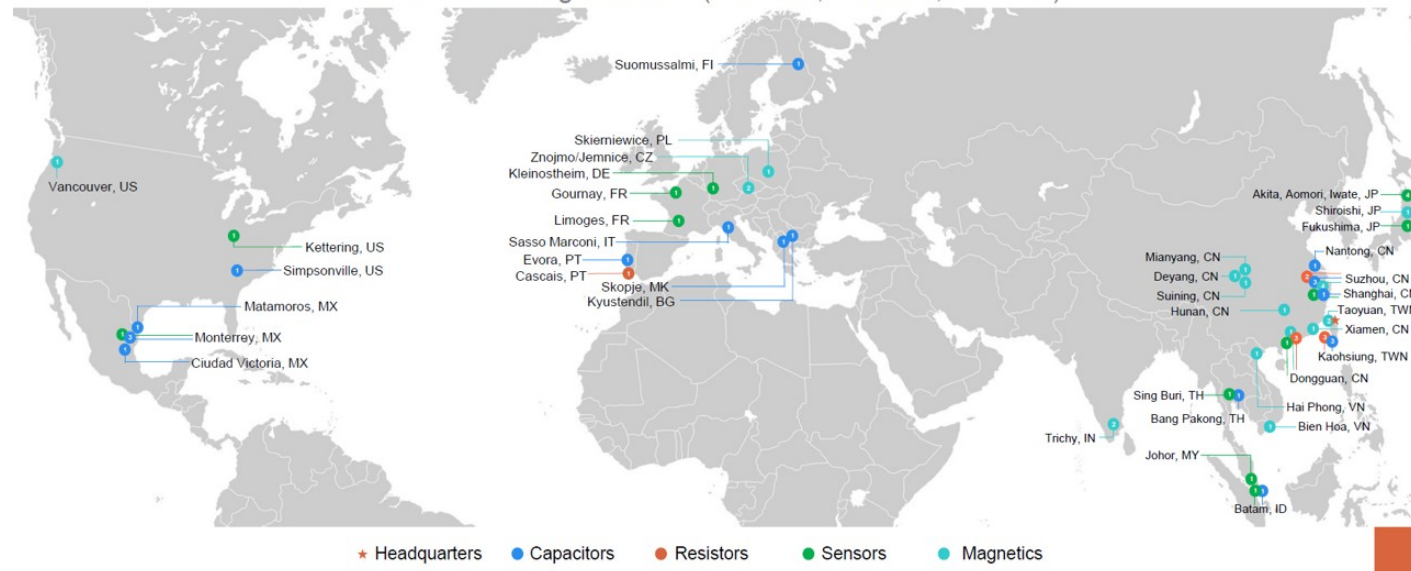
Source: Yageo.

Exhibit 9: Map of Yageo's manufacturing facilities

Manufacturing Resiliency

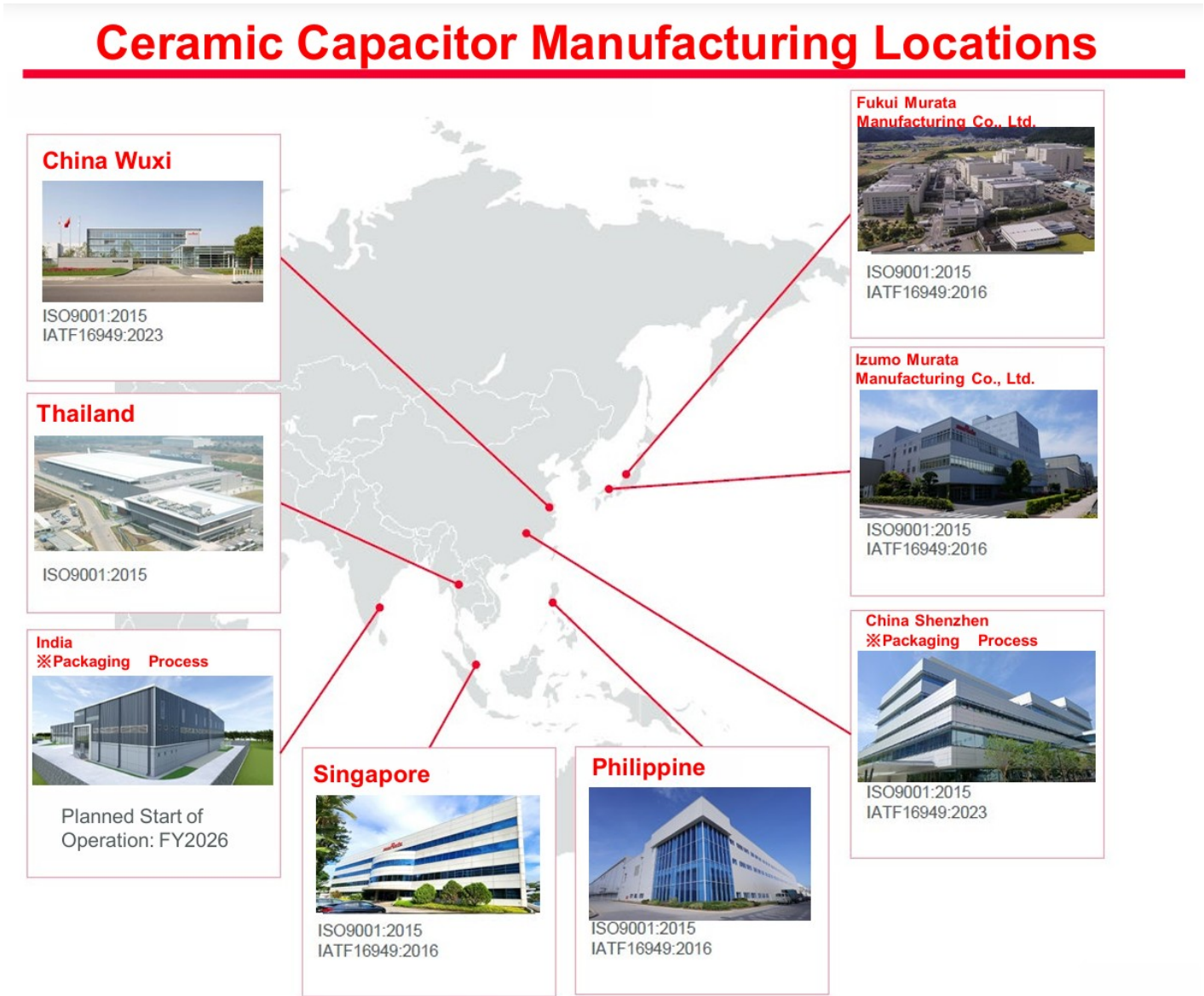
YAGEO GROUP

65 Manufacturing Facilities* (21 China, 8 Taiwan, 36 ROW)



Source: Yageo.

Exhibit 10: Locations of Murata's MLCC manufacturing facilities



Source: Murata.

Exhibit 11: Locations of SEMCO's manufacturing facilities – SEMCO's MLCC capacity is primarily located in China, Philippines and South Korea



Source: SEMCO.

Raising estimates for Yageo

We update our model to reflect the potential for continued price hikes, primarily for tantalum capacitors and MLCCs, driven by AI demand. Our 2026-28 EPS estimates increase 2%, 30%, and 34%, respectively, driven by higher assumptions for both revenues and margins.

Exhibit 12: Estimate Changes

NT\$ mn	2026e Earnings Estimates			2027e Earnings Estimates			2028e Earnings Estimates		
	New	Old	Variance	New	Old	Variance	New	Old	Variance
Net sales	167,293	166,013	1%	226,791	195,908	16%	280,529	243,456	15%
COGS	-101,261	-100,857	0%	-125,598	-114,955	9%	-145,390	-138,845	5%
Gross profit	66,031	65,155	1%	101,193	80,953	25%	135,139	104,610	29%
Operating expenses	-20,287	-20,220	0%	-22,735	-21,356	6%	-24,583	-23,347	5%
Operating income	45,744	44,935	2%	78,458	59,597	32%	110,556	81,263	36%
Non-operating income	2,949	2,949	0%	3,425	3,425	0%	3,844	3,844	0%
Pre-tax income	48,693	47,884	2%	81,883	63,022	30%	114,400	85,107	34%
Income tax	-11,190	-11,018	2%	-18,671	-14,439	29%	-26,260	-19,517	35%
Net income	37,356	36,719	2%	63,065	48,437	30%	87,993	65,444	34%
EPS (NT\$)	18.19	17.88	2%	30.71	23.59	30%	42.85	31.87	34%
Margins (%)			ppt			ppt			ppt
Gross margin	39.5%	39.2%	0.2	44.6%	39.5%	5.1	48.2%	43.0%	5.2
Operating margin	27.3%	27.1%	0.3	34.6%	27.0%	7.6	39.4%	33.4%	6.0
Pre-tax margin	29.1%	28.8%	0.3	36.1%	29.0%	7.1	40.8%	35.0%	5.8
Net margin	22.3%	22.1%	0.2	27.8%	22.2%	5.6	31.4%	26.9%	4.5

Source: Morgan Stanley Research (e) estimates.

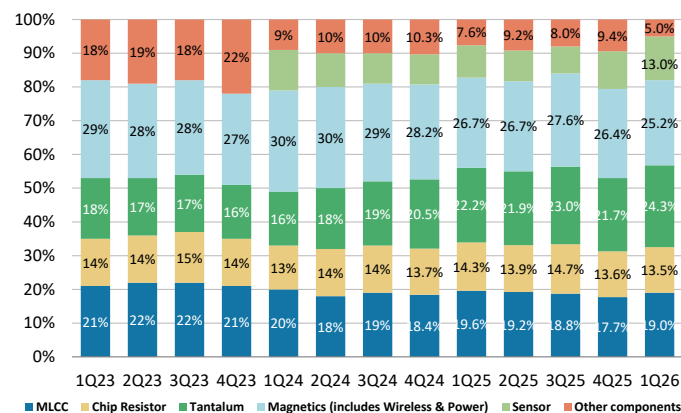
We are now 20% and 28% above the Street for CY27 and CY28 EPS estimates: With our latest assumptions, we are now above consensus for CY26-28 EPS estimates, but for CY26 we are only 1% above consensus – whereas we are well above consensus for CY27-28. We bake in 15-20% pricing increases in CY27/28, which drives our higher margin assumptions.

Exhibit 13: We are well above the Street for CY27 and CY28 EPS estimates

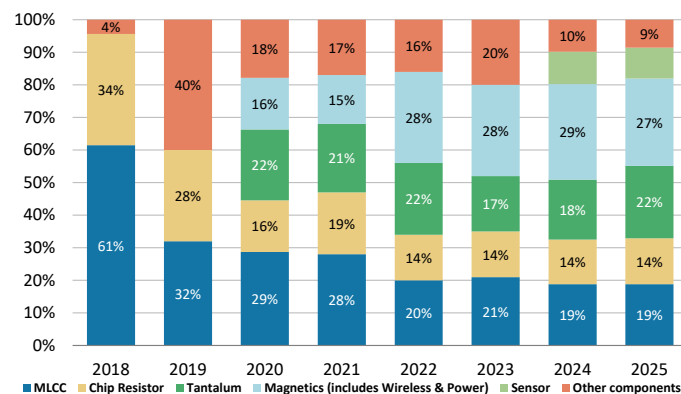
Yageo	MSe			Consensus			Variance		
	2026	2027	2028	2026	2027	2028	2026	2027	2028
Revenue	167,293	226,791	280,529	172,463	214,325	256,434	-3%	6%	9%
GM	39.5%	44.6%	48.2%	39.2%	42.4%	44.8%	0.2%	2.2%	3.3%
OpM	27.3%	34.6%	39.4%	26.6%	30.7%	33.7%	0.7%	3.8%	5.8%
Net income	37,356	63,065	87,993	37,118	52,679	68,760	1%	20%	28%
EPS	18.19	30.71	42.85	18.08	25.65	33.48	1%	20%	28%

Source: Visible Alpha, Morgan Stanley Research estimates.

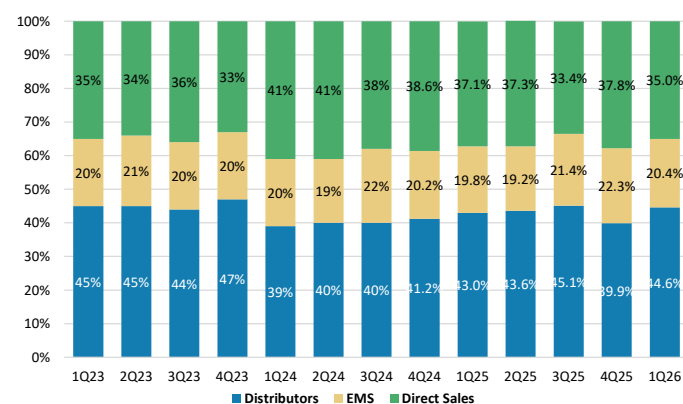
Charts

Exhibit 14: Quarterly Sales, by Product, 1Q23-1Q26


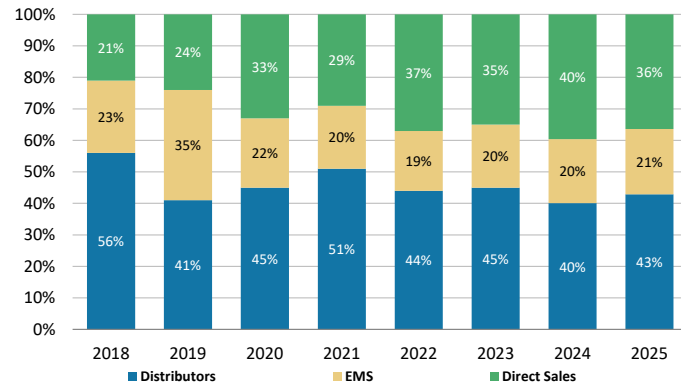
Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 15: Annual Sales, by Product, 2018-25


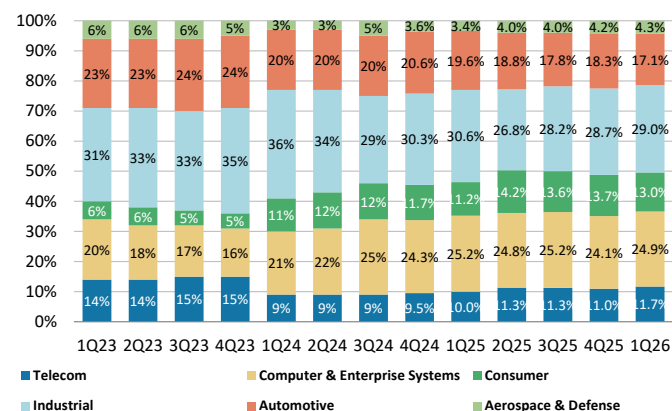
Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 16: Quarterly Sales, by Channel, 1Q23-1Q26


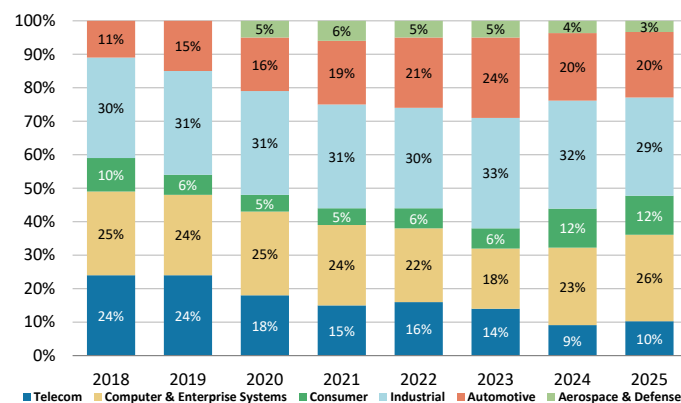
Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 17: Annual Sales, by Channel, 2018-25


Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 18: Quarterly Sales, by Segment, 1Q23-1Q26


Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Exhibit 19: Annual Sales, by Segment, 2018-25


Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research

Price target discussion and valuation methodology

We raise our 12-month price target to NT\$1,355 (from NT\$1,010): This reflects our higher earnings estimates for CY26-28. Our price target is our base case value, derived from our residual income valuation model. Similar to our analysis of other tech hardware companies within our coverage, we think this methodology provides the most accurate value of the firm by taking into account the cost of equity.

Our key assumptions are all unchanged, including:

- Cost of equity of 7.8%:
 - Risk-free rate of 1.0% (10-year Taiwanese government bond yield);
 - Equity risk premium of 6.8%;
 - Beta of 1.1;
- Medium-term growth rate of 16%;
- Terminal growth rate of 3%.

Our price target implies 44x 2027e P/E and 32x 2028e P/E. These are above its five-year historical range of 8x to 18x, which we view as justified considering its longer-term transformation story to become a global total solutions provider, moving from passive into active components. In addition, compared to its global passive component peers, we believe Yageo stock remains undervalued with higher ROE and margins, but lower P/E vs. Japanese peers (which trade on an average at 40x+ P/E).

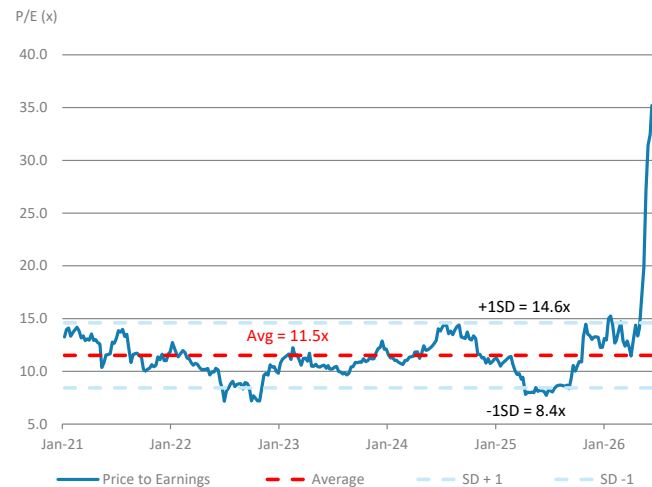
Our bull and bear case scenario values increase by magnitudes similar to the change to our base case value, to NT\$2,055 and NT\$680, respectively.

Exhibit 20: Residual Income (RI) Model

	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E	2031E	2032E	2033E	2034E	2035E	2036E
Total Equity	213,788	253,693	303,062	344,093	391,689	446,900	510,946	585,238	671,417	771,385	855,018
Net Profit	37,356	63,065	87,993	102,072	118,403	137,348	159,323	184,815	214,385	248,687	256,147
Return on Equity	19.3%	27.0%	31.6%	31.5%	32.2%	32.8%	33.3%	33.7%	34.1%	34.5%	31.5%
Beta	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Equity Risk Premium (Rm-Rf)	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%
Risk Free Rate (Rf)	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
Cost of Equity	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%	7.8%
Residual Income	20,021	41,092	60,504	72,082	84,042	97,910	113,991	132,640	154,269	179,354	183,116
Spread	11.5%	19.2%	23.8%	23.8%	24.4%	25.0%	25.5%	26.0%	26.4%	26.7%	23.7%
Beginning Equity Capital	213,788										
PV of Forecast Period	692,060										
PV of Continuing Value	1,876,642										
Equity Value	2,782,490										
No. of Shares	2,054										
Projected Price	1,355.0										
Implied 2027e PE	44x										
Implied 2028e PE	32x										

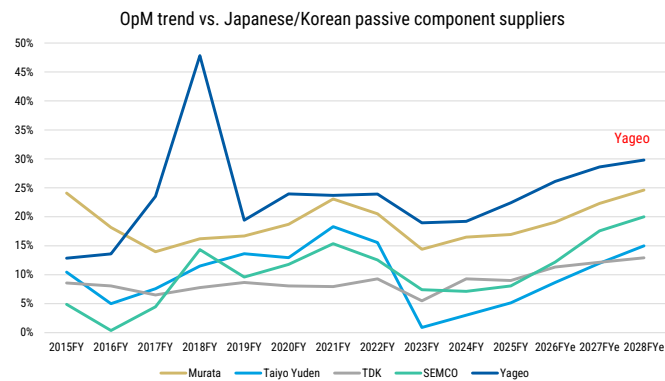
Source: Morgan Stanley Research (E) estimates.

Exhibit 21: Yageo P/E



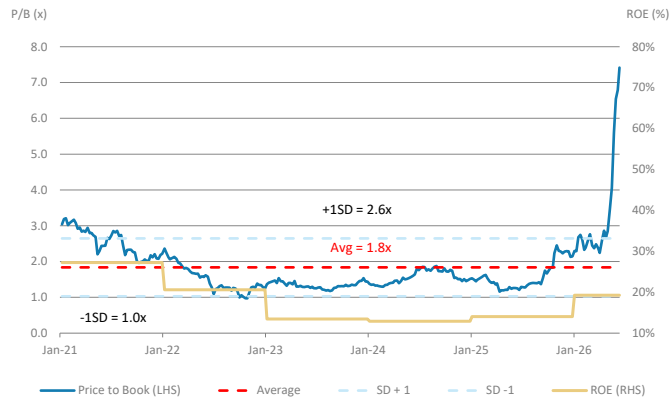
Source: TEJ, Morgan Stanley Research.

Exhibit 23: MLCC peers operating margins



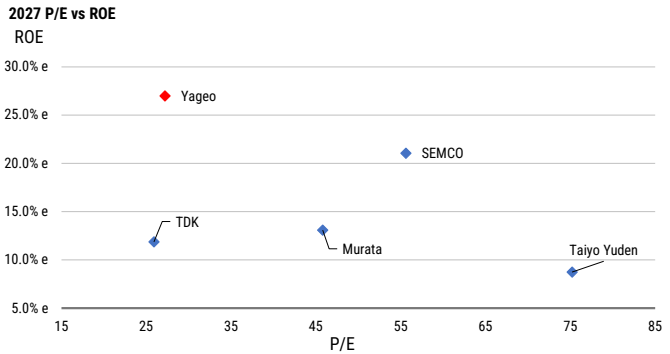
Source: Visible Alpha.

Exhibit 22: Yageo P/B



Source: TEJ, Morgan Stanley Research.

Exhibit 24: 2027e P/E vs. ROE



Source: Morgan Stanley Research estimates.

Risk Reward – Yageo Corp. (2327.TW)

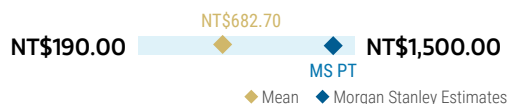
Demand looks stronger and price increases are likely - stay OW

PRICE TARGET NT\$1,355.00

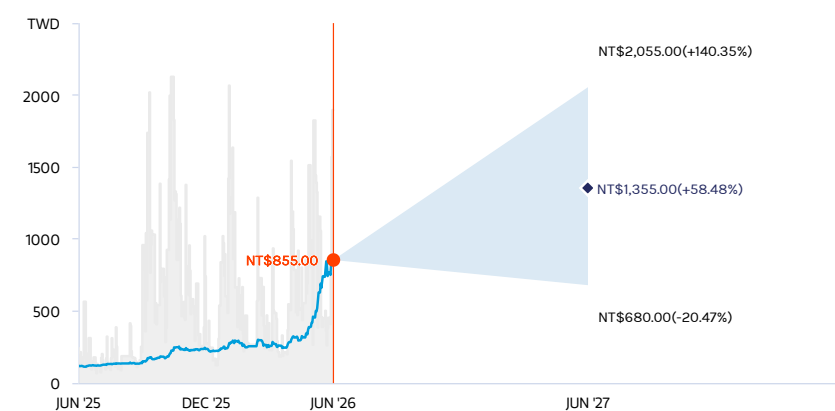
Base case, multistage residual income valuation model. Key assumptions: cost of equity 7.8% (risk-free rate 1%, equity risk premium 6.8% and beta of 1.1), medium-term growth rate 16%, terminal growth rate 3%.

Consensus Price Target Distribution

Source: Refinitiv, Morgan Stanley Research



RISK REWARD CHART



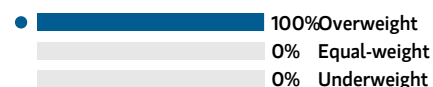
Key: — Historical Stock Performance ● Current Stock Price ◆ Price Target

Source: Refinitiv, Morgan Stanley Research

OVERWEIGHT THESIS

- There is fear that leading Japanese and Korean MLCC suppliers are shifting more capacity to cater to the high end, resulting in undersupply for the midrange/low end.
- The same narrative that drove the 2018 cycle is now back in play.
- Utilization rates are increasing, so suppliers are expecting price hikes for the midrange/low end. Distributors and ODMs are both building inventory.
- AI demand is growing and tantalum capacitor pricing may show further price increases in 2H.
- All of this should help support a further re-rating in the stock, even beyond the recent sharp rally.

Consensus Rating Distribution



● MS Rating

Source: Refinitiv, Morgan Stanley Research

Risk Reward Themes

Electric Vehicles: *Positive*

Self-help: *Positive*

Special Situation: *Positive*

View descriptions of Risk Rewards Themes [here](#)

BULL CASE

NT\$2,055.00

66x 2027e EPS

Demand continues to grow faster than expected in 2027-28: 1) Demand improves significantly, driving pricing power for Yageo in premium and standard products alike. 2) Yageo makes meaningful progress into AI, driving significant share gains. 3) Yageo takes on more acquisition initiatives to further widen its product portfolio. 4) Severe undersupply leads to continued price hikes for an extended period of time, which helps expand Yageo's margins in 2027-28.

BASE CASE

NT\$1,355.00

44x 2027e EPS

Demand remains strong into 2027-28: 1) Utilization remains high for premium products. 2) Utilization for standard products stabilizes at 70%+ with resilient consumer tech demand. 3) Transformation and synergies are ongoing with continued active initiatives. 4) Yageo continues to drive expansion into the AI realm and slowly gains market share. 5) High utilization rates and inflationary raw materials costs result in continued price hikes.

BEAR CASE

NT\$680.00

22x 2027e EPS

Earnings erode as macro conditions weaken and demand falls again in 2027-28: 1) Non-AI demand weakens from 2H26 onwards, despite AI demand remaining strong. 2) Pricing power shifts to end customers with heightened competition amongst peers. 3) Acquisitions do not bear fruit, resulting in layoffs and leading to cost burdens. 4) Automotive and industrial end demand does not recover, hampering Yageo's premium business. 5) Yageo does not make any material advancements into AI.

Risk Reward – Yageo Corp. (2327.TW)

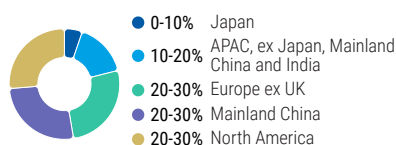
KEY EARNINGS INPUTS

Drivers	2025	2026e	2027e	2028e
MLCC ASP y/y (%)	0.6	9.3	61.3	26.2
MLCC GM (%)	31.7	33.2	43.5	48.4
r-chip ASP y/y (%)	0.8	8.4	46.7	26.6
r-chip GM (%)	43.4	44.1	53.4	58.3

INVESTMENT DRIVERS

- Transformation into global total solutions service provider
- Premium/standard sales mix
- Utilization rates and capacity
- Inventory and pricing

GLOBAL REVENUE EXPOSURE



Source: Morgan Stanley Research Estimate
View explanation of regional hierarchies [here](#)

MS ALPHA MODELS

2/5
MOST 3 Month
Horizon

Source: Refinitiv, FactSet, Morgan Stanley Research; 1 is the highest favored Quintile and 5 is the least favored Quintile

RISKS TO PT/RATING

RISKS TO UPSIDE

- Faster-than-expected revenue/profit recognition from stronger AI server/notebook demand
- Further price hikes led by stronger pricing power arising from better demand and/or tighter supply

RISKS TO DOWNSIDE

- Aa sudden bursting of demand for AI
- Inventory risk
- Consumer electronics demand risk

OWNERSHIP POSITIONING

Inst. Owners, % Active 59.2%

Source: Refinitiv, Morgan Stanley Research

MS ESTIMATES VS. CONSENSUS

FY Dec 2027e

Sales / Revenue (NT\$, mn) 185,000 226,791 213,858 240,511

EBITDA (NT\$, mn) 65,300 87,629 77,140 102,611

Net income (NT\$, mn) 41,000 63,065 52,543 64,531

EPS (NT\$) 19.94 30.71 25.70 31.42

◆ Mean ◆ Morgan Stanley Estimates

Source: Refinitiv, Morgan Stanley Research

Financials

Exhibit 25: Quarterly Estimates

	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	4Q25	1Q26	2Q26E	3Q26E	4Q26E	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Net sales	31,104	32,771	33,087	35,968	38,166	41,935	43,200	43,992	132,930	167,293	226,791	280,529
COGS	(20,018)	(21,119)	(21,112)	(22,551)	(23,624)	(25,584)	(26,025)	(26,029)	(84,800)	(101,261)	(125,598)	(145,390)
Gross profit	11,086	11,652	11,974	13,417	14,542	16,351	17,175	17,963	48,130	66,031	101,193	135,139
Operating expenses	(4,623)	(4,609)	(4,412)	(4,685)	(4,929)	(5,103)	(5,082)	(5,174)	(18,329)	(20,287)	(22,735)	(24,583)
SG&A	(3,758)	(3,774)	(3,578)	(3,800)	(4,035)	(4,173)	(4,143)	(4,226)	(14,910)	(16,576)	(18,748)	(20,289)
R&D	(865)	(834)	(834)	(886)	(894)	(930)	(939)	(948)	(3,419)	(3,711)	(3,987)	(4,295)
Operating income	6,463	7,044	7,562	8,732	9,613	11,249	12,093	12,789	29,801	45,744	78,458	110,556
Non-operating income	710	(15)	650	(26)	712	700	749	788	1,319	2,949	3,425	3,844
Interest income	533	443	379	216	303	337	369	400	1,571	1,409	1,878	2,260
Investment income	117	24	144	195	181	163	179	188	480	711	747	784
Disposal of investment	100	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	100	7	0	0
Exchange gain	(148)	194	(110)	(677)	(139)	0	0	0	(742)	(139)	0	0
Other	108	(676)	237	241	359	200	200	200	(90)	959	800	800
Pre-tax income	7,173	7,028	8,212	8,706	10,325	11,949	12,842	13,578	31,120	48,693	81,883	114,400
Income tax	(1,610)	(2,016)	(1,817)	(1,900)	(2,287)	(3,226)	(2,825)	(2,851)	(7,343)	(11,190)	(18,671)	(26,260)
Minority interest	33	14	39	56	37	37	37	37	143	147	147	147
Net income	5,530	4,998	6,356	6,751	8,001	8,686	9,980	10,690	23,634	37,356	63,065	87,993
Adj. wtd. avg. shrs (mn)	2,053	2,053	2,054	2,053	2,054	2,054	2,054	2,054	2,053	2,054	2,054	2,054
EPS	2.69	2.43	3.10	3.29	3.90	4.23	4.86	5.21	11.51	18.19	30.71	42.85
Fully Diluted shares (mn)	2,459	2,456	2,055	2,053	2,054	2,054	2,054	2,054	2,053	2,054	2,054	2,054
Diluted EPS (NT\$)	2.25	2.03	3.09	3.29	3.90	4.23	4.86	5.21	11.51	18.19	30.71	42.85
Margins (%)												
Gross Margin	35.6	35.6	36.2	37.3	38.1	39.0	39.8	40.8	36.2	39.5	44.6	48.2
Operating Margin	20.8	21.5	22.9	24.3	25.2	26.8	28.0	29.1	22.4	27.3	34.6	39.4
Pretax Margin	23.1	21.4	24.8	24.2	27.1	28.5	29.7	30.9	23.4	29.1	36.1	40.8
Net Margin	17.8	15.3	19.2	18.8	21.0	20.7	23.1	24.3	17.8	22.3	27.8	31.4
QoQ Growth (%)												
Sales	4	5	1	9	6	10	3	2				
Gross Profit	11	5	3	12	8	12	5	5				
Operating Profit	20	9	7	15	10	17	8	6				
Pretax Profit	15	-2	17	6	19	16	7	6				
Net Profit	49	-10	27	6	19	9	15	7				
YoY Growth (%)												
Sales	9	4	4	20	23	28	31	22	9	26	36	24
Gross Profit	15	6	7	35	31	40	43	34	15	37	53	34
Operating Profit	31	9	14	63	49	60	60	46	27	54	72	41
Pretax Profit	18	-5	15	39	44	70	56	56	16	56	68	40
Net Profit	21	-8	13	82	45	74	57	58	22	58	69	40

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research (E) estimates.

Exhibit 26: Consolidated Financial Summary**Consolidated Income Statement**

NT\$mnn (Year End Dec 31)	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Net sales	132,930	167,293	226,791	280,529
COGS	(84,800)	(101,261)	(125,598)	(145,390)
Gross profit	48,130	66,031	101,193	135,139
Operating expenses	(18,329)	(20,287)	(22,735)	(24,583)
Operating income	29,801	45,744	78,458	110,556
Non-operating income	1,319	2,949	3,425	3,844
Interest income	1,571	1,409	1,878	2,260
Investment income	480	711	747	784
Disposal of investment	100	7	-	-
Exchange gain	(742)	(139)	-	-
Other	(90)	959	800	800
Pre-tax income	31,120	48,693	81,883	114,400
Income tax	(7,343)	(11,190)	(18,671)	(26,260)
Minority interests	143	147	147	147
Net income	23,634	37,356	63,065	87,993
Adj. wtd. Avg. shrs (m)	2,053	2,054	2,054	2,054
Reported EPS (NT\$)	11.51	18.19	30.71	42.85
Diluted shrs (m)	2,053	2,054	2,054	2,054
Diluted EPS (NT\$)	11.51	18.19	30.71	42.85

Consolidated Balance Sheet

NT\$mnn (Year End Dec 31)	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Cash	81,473	126,255	169,119	218,415
Mkt securities	16,634	16,634	16,634	16,634
AR/NR	27,792	31,224	41,955	54,652
Inventory	31,636	37,914	46,363	52,445
Others	7,811	9,830	13,326	16,484
Current Assets	165,346	221,857	287,397	358,630
Long-term investments	45,572	45,572	45,572	45,572
Fixed assets	65,305	63,246	61,277	59,404
Other assets	114,566	114,566	114,566	114,566
Total Assets	390,789	445,242	508,812	578,172
S/T borrowings	86,196	86,196	86,196	86,196
AP/NP	18,031	21,532	26,706	30,915
Other ST liabilities	31,852	38,035	47,175	54,610
Total Current Liabilities	136,079	145,763	160,078	171,721
L/T debt	57,589	56,589	55,589	54,589
Other LT liabilities	23,124	29,102	39,452	48,801
Total Liabilities	216,793	231,454	255,119	275,110
Common shares	5,182	20,519	20,519	20,519
Retained Earnings	104,669	129,124	169,028	218,398
Other SH' Equity	64,145	64,145	64,145	64,145
Total Shareholders' Equity	173,997	213,788	253,693	303,062
Total Liab./SH's Equity	390,789	445,242	508,812	578,172

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

NT\$mnn (Year End Dec 31)	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Operating Cashflow	30,863	44,061	63,128	85,799
Net Profits	23,634	37,356	63,065	87,993
Depreciation & Amort.	9,834	9,469	9,171	8,885
Investment losses/(income)	(581)	(711)	(747)	(784)
Working capital change	(12,663)	(27)	(4,865)	(7,137)
Other adjustments	10,944	(2,019)	(3,496)	(3,158)
Investing Cashflow	(3,725)	(7,411)	(7,201)	(7,012)
Capex	(6,056)	(8,000)	(8,000)	(8,000)
Change of L/T investment	(4,146)	0	0	0
Change of S/T investment	817	0	0	0
Other adjustments	5,191	0	0	0
Financing Cashflow	(3,135)	7,993	(13,063)	(29,491)
Increase in L/T debt	(543)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)
Increase in S/T debt	7,613	0	0	0
Issuance of stock	0	15,337	0	0
Cash dividends	(10,265)	(12,321)	(22,414)	(37,839)
Other adjustments	61	5,978	10,350	9,348
FX adjustment	(3,647)	139	0	0
Net change in cash	20,356	44,782	42,863	49,296

Consolidated Financial Ratios

	2025	2026E	2027E	2028E
Margins (%)				
Gross margin	36.2	39.5	44.6	48.2
Operating margin	22.4	27.3	34.6	39.4
Pretax margin	23.4	29.1	36.1	40.8
Net margin	17.8	22.3	27.8	31.4
YoY growth (%)				
Sales	9.3	25.9	35.6	23.7
Operating profits	27.4	53.5	71.5	40.9
Pretax profits	15.8	56.5	68.2	39.7
Net profits	22.1	58.1	68.8	39.5
Others				
Cash dividend payout (%)	52%	60%	60%	60%
Cash div (NT\$)	6.00	10.91	18.43	25.71
Yield (%)	1%	1%	2%	3%
Net Debt/Equity (%)	26%	0%	-17%	-31%
Liabilities/Equity (%)	125%	108%	101%	91%
Liabilities/Assets (%)	55%	52%	50%	48%
ROAE (%)	14%	19%	27%	32%
ROAA (%)	6%	9%	13%	16%
AR/NR Turnover (days)	68	64	59	63
Inventory Turnover (days)	128	125	122	124
AP/NP Turnover (days)	71	71	70	72
Cash conversion cycle	125	118	111	115

Source: Company data, Morgan Stanley Research (E) estimates.

Risk Reward Reference links

1. View explanation of Options Probabilities methodology - [Options_Probabilities_Exhibit_Link.pdf](#)
2. View descriptions of Risk Rewards Themes - [RR_Themes_Exhibit_Link.pdf](#)
3. View explanation of regional hierarchies - [GEG_Exhibit_Link.pdf](#)
4. View explanation of Theme/Exposure methodology - [ESG_Sustainable_Solutions_External_Link.pdf](#)
5. View explanation of HERS methodology - [ESG_HERS_External_Link.pdf](#)

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The following analysts hereby certify that their views about the companies and their securities discussed in this report are accurately expressed and that they have not received and will not receive direct or indirect compensation in exchange for expressing specific recommendations or views in this report: Howard Kao; Sharon Shih.

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Within the last 12 months, Morgan Stanley managed or co-managed a public offering (or 144A offering) of securities of Wistron Corporation, Wiwynn Corp, Zhen Ding.

Within the last 12 months, Morgan Stanley has received compensation for investment banking services from Lenovo, Wistron Corporation, Wiwynn Corp, Xiaomi Corp, **Yageo Corp.**, Zhen Ding. In the next 3 months, Morgan Stanley expects to receive or intends to seek compensation for investment banking services from AAC Technologies Holdings, Accton Technology Corporation, Acer Inc., Advantech, AirTAC International, Asia Vital Components Co. Ltd., Asustek Computer Inc., AU Optronics, Bizlink, Catcher Technology, Chenbro, Compal Electronics, Delta Electronics Inc., E Ink Holdings Inc., Ennostar Inc., Eoptolink Technology Inc Ltd, FIT Hon Teng Ltd, Giga-Byte Technology Co. Ltd., GoerTek Inc, Gold Circuit Electronics Ltd., Hon Hai Precision, Innolux, Lenovo, Lens Technology, Lingyi Itech Guangdong Co, Lite-On Technology, Luxshare Precision Industry Co., Ltd., Pegatron Corporation, Q Technology (Group) Company Ltd, Quanta Computer Inc., Sanan Optoelectronics, Shenzhen Transsion Holdings Co Ltd, Suzhou TFC Optical Communication Co Ltd., TCL Corp., Unimicron, Wistron Corporation, Wiwynn Corp, Xiaomi Corp, **Yageo Corp.**, Yangtze Optical Fibre and Cable JSC Ltd, Zhen Ding, Zhongji Innolight Co Ltd.

Within the last 12 months, Morgan Stanley has received compensation for products and services other than investment banking services from AAC Technologies Holdings, Accton Technology Corporation, Acer Inc., Asustek Computer Inc., AU Optronics, BYD Electronics, Compal Electronics, E Ink Holdings Inc., Eoptolink Technology Inc Ltd, Foxconn Technology, Giga-Byte Technology Co. Ltd., GoerTek Inc, Hon Hai Precision, Innolux, Lenovo, Lingyi Itech Guangdong Co, Quanta Computer Inc., Xiaomi Corp, **Yageo Corp.**

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Within the last 12 months, Morgan Stanley has either provided or is providing non-investment banking, securities-related services to and/or in the past has entered into an agreement to provide services or has a client relationship with the following company: AAC Technologies Holdings, Accton Technology Corporation, Acer Inc., Asustek Computer Inc., AU Optronics, BYD Electronics, Compal Electronics, E Ink Holdings Inc., Eoptolink Technology Inc Ltd, Foxconn Technology, Giga-Byte Technology Co. Ltd., GoerTek Inc, Hon Hai Precision, Innolux, Lenovo, Lingyi Itech Guangdong Co, Quanta Computer Inc., Xiaomi Corp, **Yageo Corp.**, Zhen Ding.

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Global Stock Ratings Distribution

(as of May 31, 2026)

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Stock Rating Category	Coverage Universe		Investment Banking Clients (IBC)			Other Material Investment Services Clients (MISC)	
	Count	% of Total	Count	% of Total IBC	% of Rating Category	Count	% of Total Other MISC
Overweight/Buy	1542	42%	465	51%	30%	707	43%
Equal-weight/Hold	1571	43%	369	40%	23%	723	44%
Not-Rated/Hold	3	0%	0	0%	0%	1	0%
Underweight/Sell	551	15%	86	9%	16%	201	12%
Total	3,667		920			1632	

Data include common stock and ADRs currently assigned ratings. Investment Banking Clients are companies from whom Morgan Stanley received investment banking compensation in the last 12 months. Due to rounding off of decimals, the percentages provided in the "% of total" column may not add up to exactly 100 percent.

Analyst Stock Ratings

Overweight (O). The stock's total return is expected to exceed the average total return of the analyst's industry (or industry team's) coverage universe, on a risk-adjusted basis, over the next 12-18 months.

Equal-weight (E). The stock's total return is expected to be in line with the average total return of the analyst's industry (or industry team's) coverage universe, on a risk-adjusted basis, over the next 12-18 months.

Not-Rated (NR). Currently the analyst does not have adequate conviction about the stock's total return relative to the average total return of the analyst's industry (or industry team's) coverage universe, on a risk-adjusted basis, over the next 12-18 months.

Underweight (U). The stock's total return is expected to be below the average total return of the analyst's industry (or industry team's) coverage universe, on a risk-adjusted basis, over the next 12-18 months.

Unless otherwise specified, the time frame for price targets included in Morgan Stanley Research is 12 to 18 months.

Analyst Industry Views

Attractive (A): The analyst expects the performance of his or her industry coverage universe over the next 12-18 months to be attractive vs. the relevant broad market benchmark, as indicated below.

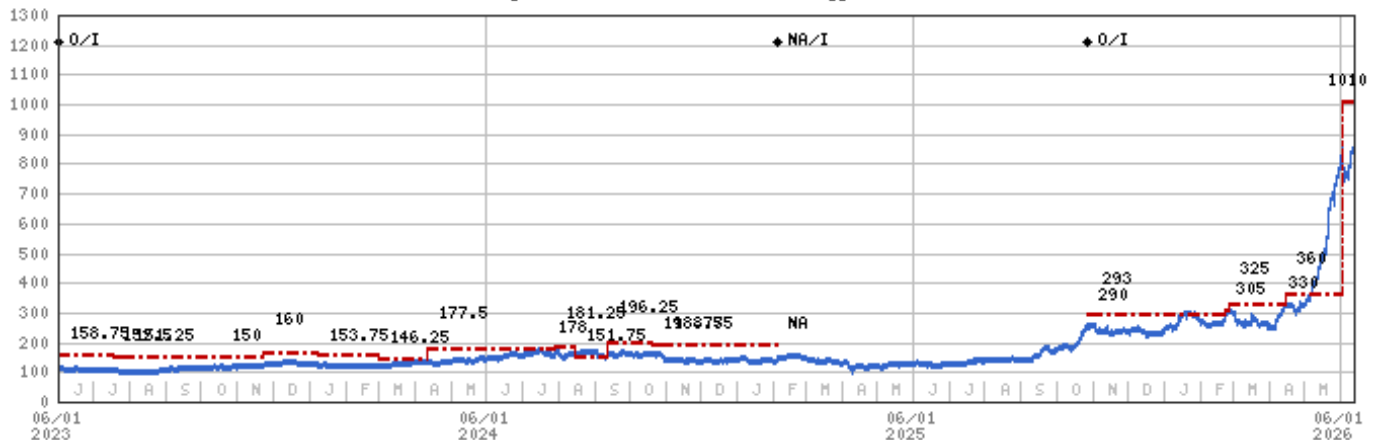
In-Line (I): The analyst expects the performance of his or her industry coverage universe over the next 12-18 months to be in line with the relevant broad market benchmark, as indicated below.

Cautious (C): The analyst views the performance of his or her industry coverage universe over the next 12-18 months with caution vs. the relevant broad market benchmark, as indicated below.

Benchmarks for each region are as follows: North America - S&P 500; Latin America - relevant MSCI country index or MSCI Latin America Index; Europe - MSCI Europe; Japan - TOPIX; Asia - relevant MSCI country index or MSCI sub-regional index or MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index.

Stock Price, Price Target and Rating History (See Rating Definitions)

Yageo Corp. (2327.TW) - As of 06/12/26 GMT in TWD
Industry : Greater China Technology Hardware



Stock Rating History: 6/1/21 : E/I; 1/4/22 : O/I; 2/5/25 : NA/I; 10/28/25 : O/I

Price Target History: 5/12/21 : 166.47; 6/7/21 : 169.61; 7/7/21 : 172.76; 7/27/21 : 182.18; 10/19/21 : 141.35; 1/4/22 : 188.46; 6/23/22 : 155.48; 8/12/22 : 144.49; 10/28/22 : 116.25; 11/10/22 : 123.75; 1/9/23 : 157.5; 4/12/23 : 158.75; 7/17/23 : 152.5; 7/26/23 : 151.25; 10/18/23 : 150; 11/23/23 : 160; 1/9/24 : 153.75; 3/1/24 : 146.25; 4/11/24 : 177.5; 7/23/24 : 178; 7/30/24 : 181.25; 8/15/24 : 151.75; 9/12/24 : 196.25; 10/21/24 : 193.75; 10/29/24 : 188.75; 2/5/25 : NA; 10/28/25 : 290; 10/31/25 : 293; 2/23/26 : 305; 2/26/26 : 325; 4/9/26 : 330; 4/15/26 : 360; 6/2/26 : 1010

Source: Morgan Stanley Research Date Format : MM/DD/YY Price Target -- No Price Target Assigned (NA)

Stock Price (Not Covered by Current Analyst) — Stock Price (Covered by Current Analyst) —

Stock and Industry Ratings (abbreviations below) appear as ♦ Stock Rating/Industry View

Stock Ratings: Overweight (O) Equal-weight (E) Underweight (U) Not-Rated (NR) No Rating Available (NA)

Industry View: Attractive (A) In-line (I) Cautious (C) No Rating (NR)

Effective January 13, 2014, the stocks covered by Morgan Stanley Asia Pacific will be rated relative to the analyst's industry (or industry team's) coverage.

Effective January 13, 2014, the industry view benchmarks for Morgan Stanley Asia Pacific are as follows: relevant MSCI country index or MSCI sub-regional index or MSCI AC Asia Pacific ex Japan Index.

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INDUSTRY COVERAGE: Greater China Technology Hardware

COMPANY (TICKER)	RATING (AS OF)	PRICE* (06/12/2026)
Andy Meng, CFA		
AAC Technologies Holdings (2018.HK)	O (01/29/2024)	HK\$42.92
Accelink Technologies Co. Ltd. (002281.SZ)	U (05/12/2022)	Rmb204.97
BYD Electronics (0285.HK)	O (04/28/2023)	HK\$24.78
China TransInfo Technology Co Ltd (002373.SZ)	E (07/18/2023)	Rmb7.40
Dahua Technology Co. Ltd. (002236.SZ)	E (12/12/2024)	Rmb15.95
Eoptolink Technology Inc Ltd (300502.SZ)	O (02/27/2026)	Rmb506.46
Genius Electronic Optical Co. Ltd. (3406.TW)	E (04/23/2025)	NT\$662.00
Gosuncn Technology Group Co Ltd (300098.SZ)	U (11/07/2022)	Rmb4.96
HIKVision Digital Technology (002415.SZ)	E (12/12/2024)	Rmb30.24
Largan Precision (3008.TW)	E (10/17/2025)	NT\$4,020.00
LianChuang Electronic Technology Co Ltd (002036.SZ)	U (06/12/2024)	Rmb7.86
OFILM Group Co Ltd (002456.SZ)	U (06/12/2024)	Rmb8.70
Q Technology (Group) Company Ltd (1478.HK)	U (03/23/2026)	HK\$8.13
Quectel Wireless Solutions Co Ltd (603236.SS)	E (10/09/2024)	Rmb55.50
Shanghai Conant Optical Co Ltd (2276.HK)	O (04/10/2026)	HK\$38.58
Shenzhen Transsion Holdings Co Ltd (688036.SS)	E (03/23/2026)	Rmb53.67
Sunny Optical (2382.HK)	E (03/23/2026)	HK\$71.55
Suzhou TFC Optical Communication Co Ltd. (300394.SZ)	E (11/06/2025)	Rmb280.95
Wingtech Technology Co Ltd (600745.SS)	U (05/18/2026)	Rmb17.36
Xiaomi Corp (1810.HK)	O (04/14/2021)	HK\$26.20
Yangtze Optical Fibre and Cable JSC Ltd (601869.SS)	U (10/13/2021)	Rmb436.50
Yangtze Optical Fibre and Cable JSC Ltd (6869.HK)	E (04/20/2023)	HK\$226.60
Yongxin Optics Co Ltd (603297.SS)	E (11/15/2022)	Rmb117.30
Zhejiang Crystal-Optech Co Ltd (002273.SZ)	O (11/15/2022)	Rmb32.39
Zhongji Innolight Co Ltd (300308.SZ)	++	Rmb1,149.00
ZTE Corporation (0763.HK)	O (06/04/2026)	HK\$26.00

ZTE Corporation (000063.SZ)	E (06/04/2026)	Rmb36.35
Derrick Yang		
Accton Technology Corporation (2345.TW)	O (06/06/2024)	NT\$2,335.00
Advantech (2395.TW)	O (01/20/2021)	NT\$473.00
AirTAC International (1590.TW)	O (04/16/2025)	NT\$1,290.00
AU Optronics (2409.TW)	E (02/10/2026)	NT\$23.50
Bizlink (3665.TW)	O (03/10/2025)	NT\$2,310.00
BOE Technology (000725.SZ)	O (09/06/2019)	Rmb5.57
Chenbro (8210.TW)	O (07/23/2025)	NT\$1,475.00
Chroma Ate Inc. (2360.TW)	O (10/05/2021)	NT\$2,295.00
E Ink Holdings Inc. (8069.TWO)	O (05/11/2026)	NT\$196.00
Ennostar Inc (3714.TW)	U (09/23/2022)	NT\$64.40
Hiwin Technologies Corp. (2049.TW)	O (03/30/2026)	NT\$323.50
Innolux (3481.TW)	E (04/07/2025)	NT\$48.55
King Slide Works Co. Ltd. (2059.TW)	O (11/08/2023)	NT\$6,910.00
Lens Technology (300433.SZ)	E (07/22/2020)	Rmb41.14
Radiant Opto-Electronics Corporation (6176.TW)	E (03/01/2024)	NT\$91.30
Sanan Optoelectronics (600703.SS)	U (08/21/2023)	Rmb13.92
TCL Corp. (000100.SZ)	E (04/07/2025)	Rmb4.55
Tianma Microelectronics (000050.SZ)	U (01/24/2018)	Rmb7.51
Wuhan Jingce Electronic Group Co Ltd (300567.SZ)	E (11/26/2021)	Rmb196.30
Howard Kao		
Acer Inc. (2353.TW)	U (04/23/2025)	NT\$36.70
Asustek Computer Inc. (2357.TW)	U (11/16/2025)	NT\$785.00
Compal Electronics (2324.TW)	U (04/23/2025)	NT\$36.35
FIT Hon Teng Ltd (6088.HK)	O (11/03/2025)	HK\$7.36
Giga-Byte Technology Co. Ltd. (2376.TW)	E (11/16/2025)	NT\$342.00
Gold Circuit Electronics Ltd. (2368.TW)	O (10/06/2022)	NT\$1,320.00
Inspur Electronic Information (000977.SZ)	E (08/28/2023)	Rmb57.86
Lenovo (0992.HK)	E (11/16/2025)	HK\$22.34
Lotes Co. Ltd. (3533.TW)	E (05/12/2025)	NT\$2,240.00
Nan Ya PCB (8046.TW)	O (02/23/2026)	NT\$819.00
Pegatron Corporation (4938.TW)	E (03/25/2026)	NT\$93.10
Quanta Computer Inc. (2382.TW)	O (05/01/2023)	NT\$372.00
Shengyi Technology Co Ltd. (600183.SS)	E (05/26/2022)	Rmb151.28
Shennan Circuits Co Ltd (002916.SZ)	E (08/24/2023)	Rmb379.50
Unimicron (3037.TW)	O (02/23/2026)	NT\$902.00
Wistron Corporation (3231.TW)	O (07/12/2023)	NT\$156.00
Wiwynn Corp (6669.TW)	O (11/10/2025)	NT\$4,850.00
Yageo Corp. (2327.TW)	O (10/28/2025)	NT\$855.00
Zhen Ding (4958.TW)	O (05/18/2026)	NT\$552.00
Sharon Shih		
Asia Vital Components Co. Ltd. (3017.TW)	O (07/30/2024)	NT\$2,405.00
Auras Technology Co Ltd (3324.TWO)	E (05/04/2023)	NT\$1,055.00
Catcher Technology (2474.TW)	U (11/17/2025)	NT\$205.50
Delta Electronics Inc. (2308.TW)	O (07/13/2017)	NT\$2,215.00
Fositek Corp (6805.TW)	O (06/25/2025)	NT\$1,825.00
Foxconn Industrial Internet Co. Ltd. (601138.SS)	O (07/10/2019)	Rmb70.13
Foxconn Technology (2354.TW)	U (04/23/2025)	NT\$57.00
GoerTek Inc (002241.SZ)	U (04/23/2025)	Rmb23.01
Hon Hai Precision (2317.TW)	O (03/15/2024)	NT\$260.50
LandMark Optoelectronics Corporation (3081.TWO)	E (03/26/2026)	NT\$2,195.00
Lingyi Itech Guangdong Co (002600.SZ)	U (04/23/2025)	Rmb14.01
Lite-On Technology (2301.TW)	E (01/15/2025)	NT\$217.00
Luxshare Precision Industry Co., Ltd. (002475.SZ)	O (10/24/2016)	Rmb63.76

Sunonwealth Electric Machine Industry Co (2421.TW)	E (02/23/2024)	NT\$144.00
Tong Hsing (6271.TW)	E (03/18/2019)	NT\$238.50
Visual Photonics Epitaxy Co Ltd (2455.TW)	E (09/11/2023)	NT\$352.00

Stock Ratings are subject to change. Please see latest research for each company.
* Historical prices are not split adjusted.

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